IN THE CLAIMS:

Claims 1-14 (Canceled):

15. (Currently amended): A separation method of collecting substances characterized in that a comprising

positioning liquid containing substances subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force generated by application of voltage to said electrode is positioned at in the vicinity of an electrode having a vacant space therein or above the vacant space or in the vicinity thereof, or is caused to flow above or below thereof,

subjecting said liquid containing substances to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force generated by application of voltage to said electrode, and

so as to concentrate collecting said substances subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force in the vicinity of said vacant space or above or below position of the space.

16. (Currently amended): The separation method according to claim 15 wherein said electrode composes an electrode construction with is on a substrate on which said electrode is provided and a lid is provided adjacent to said electrode in such a way as making that a gap is formed between said electrode and said lid, and a said liquid containing substances subjected to influence by said negative dielectrophoretic force is

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charged through provided in said gap to allow the substances to contact with or to

communicate to the electrode.

17. (Currently amended): The separation method according to claim 16 wherein

said substance subjected to influence by said negative dielectrophoretic force is a complex

of "a substance binding to a substance to be measured", "a substance subjected to

influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force", and the substance to be measured which

binds to said "substance binding to a substance to be measured" a substance binding to

a substance to be measured, a substance subjected to influence by a negative

dielectrophoretic force, and the substance to be measured which binds to said "substance"

binding to a substance to be measured.

18. (Currently amended): The separation method according to claim 17 wherein

said "substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force" is "a granular

substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force" substance

subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force is a granular substance

subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force.

19. (Currently amended): A detection method of detecting substances characterized

in that a comprising

positioning liquid containing substances subjected to influence by a negative

at in the vicinity of an electrode having a vacant space therein or above the vacant space or in the vicinity thereof, or is caused to flow above or below thereof,

subjecting said liquid containing substances to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force generated by application of voltage to said electrode.

so as to concentrate <u>collecting</u> said substances subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force in <u>the vicinity of</u> said vacant space <del>or above or below position of the space</del>, and <del>then</del> optically detecting said substance <del>is optically detected</del>.

20. (Currently amended): The detection method according to claim 19 wherein said substances subjected to influence by said negative dielectrophoretic force is a complex of "a substance binding to a substance to be measured", "a substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force" and the substance to be measured which binds to said "substance binding to a substance to be measured" a substance binding to a substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force and the substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force and the substance to be measured which binds to said substance binding to a substance to be measured.

21. (Currently amended): The detection method according to claim 20 wherein said "substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force" is "a granular substance subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force" substance

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subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force is a granular substance

subjected to influence by a negative dielectrophoretic force.

22. (Withdrawn): A dielectrophoretic apparatus characterized in that in a

dielectrophoretic apparatus provided with an electrode on a substrate, a construction for

realizing an increase of non-uniform electric field region is formed among electrodes.

23. (Withdrawn): A dielectrophoretic apparatus characterized in that in a

dielectrophoretic apparatus provided with an electrode on a substrate, the places among

said electrodes are made in lower level than the electrode level.

24. (Withdrawn): The dielectrophoretic apparatus according to claim 23 wherein

said electrode is held by a convex construction on said substrate to make the places

among said electrodes in lower level than said electrode level.

25. (Withdrawn): A method for manufacturing a dielectrophoretic apparatus

characterized in that a substrate is excavated by physical or chemical means to make the

places among said electrodes in lower level than said electrode level.

26. (Withdrawn): The method for manufacturing a dielectrophoretic apparatus according to claim 25 wherein said chemical means is an etching using an etching liquid for the substrate of said dielectrophoretic apparatus.

27. (Canceled):

28. (Canceled):

- 29. (New): A method according to claim 15, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned above the vacant space of the electrode.
- 30. (New): A method according to claim 15, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow about the electrode.
- 31. (New): A method according to claim 30, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow above the electrode.
- 32. (New): A method according to claim 29, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow below the electrode.

- 33. (New): A method according to claim 15, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned above the vacant space of the electrode.
- 34. (New): A method according to claim 15, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow about the electrode.
- 35. (New): A method according to claim 30, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow above the electrode.
- 36. (New): A method according to claim 29, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow below the electrode.
- 37. (New): A method according to claim 19, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned above the vacant space of the electrode.
- 38. (New): A method according to claim 19, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow about the electrode.
- 39. (New): --A method according to claim 38, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow above the electrode.

- 40. (New): A method according to claim 37, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow below the electrode.
- 41. (New): A method according to claim 19, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned above the vacant space of the electrode.
- 42. (New): A method according to claim 19, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow about the electrode.
- 43. (New): A method according to claim 38, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow above the electrode.
- 44. (New): A method according to claim 37, wherein the liquid containing substances is positioned by causing the liquid to flow below the electrode.

## **IN THE DRAWINGS**:

Attached please find redlined drawings Figs. 6 through 11 which have bee amended to include the legend "PRIOR ART."

Also, attached are substitute drawings for Figures 6-11 incorporating the change mentioned above.